

WRC Holdings Group Statement of Intent

(Covering the period to 30 June 2010 and the following 2 years)

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1. Scope of Statement of Intent (SOI)

- 1.1 This SOI relates to WRC Holdings Limited and its subsidiary companies Pringle House Limited (PHL), Port Investments Limited (PIL), CentrePort Ltd (CentrePort), Greater Wellington Rail Ltd (GWRL), together they make up WRC Holdings Group (the Group).

WRC Holdings is 100% owned by Greater Wellington Regional Council (Greater Wellington).

WRC Holdings is an entity established under the Local Government Act 2002 (LGA). WRC Holdings and its wholly owned subsidiaries are Council Controlled Trading Organisations (CCTO) as defined under the LGA. CentrePort, a partly owned subsidiary is not a CCTO as its activities are governed by the Port Companies Act 1988.

2. Reasons for the WRC Holdings Group

- To impose commercial discipline on the Group's activities and produce an appropriate return to shareholders and ensuring appropriate debt/equity ratio.
- To separate Greater Wellington's commercial assets from its public good assets.
- To provide a structure to allow external Directors with a commercial background to provide advice and expertise.
- To minimise the risks of owning commercial assets such as rail rolling stock.

3. Objectives and Activities of the Group

3.1 General

The primary objectives of the Group shall be to:

- (a) Support Greater Wellington's strategic vision, operate successful, sustainable and responsible businesses.
- (b) Manage its assets prudently.
- (c) Where appropriate, provide a commercial return to shareholders.
- (d) Adopt policies that prudently manage risks and protect the investment of its shareholders.

3.2 Activities of the Group

- a) WRC Holdings Ltd is the holding company for PHL, PIL, GWRL and indirectly CentrePort.
- b) It owns and operates the Regional Council Centre at 142-146 Wakefield Street, Wellington. The building is owned by PHL who leases it out on commercial terms to Greater Wellington, Vector and AIG.

The management of the building is undertaken by Greater Wellington's property consultants, O'Brien Property Ltd.

- c) Owns Greater Wellington's investments in rail rolling stock via GWRL.

GWRL currently owns a number of carriages and units.

During 2007/08 a contract was entered into with Rotem Mitsui for the supply of 96 Matangi electric units (EMUs). The units will be delivered in stages commencing 2010. The Government has indicated that it wishes for the rolling stock to be owned by KiwiRail directly. The manner and timing of this transfer/sale has not been finalised

- d) Owns 76.9% of CentrePort via PIL.

The major activities of CentrePort are:

- Port infrastructure (land, wharves, buildings, equipment, utilities)
 - Shipping and logistical services (pilotage, towage, berthage)
 - Operational service (cargo handling, warehousing, facilities management, property management, security, emergency services)
 - Integrated logistics solutions (networks, communications, partnerships)
 - Property services (development, leasing management)
 - Joint ventures (coldstore, container repair, cleaning, packing, unpacking, storage)
- e) Monitor the performance of CentrePort through the board of PIL.
 - f) Effectively manage any other investments held by the Group in order to maximise the commercial value to the shareholders and to protect the shareholders' investment.
 - g) Act as a diligent constructive and inquiring shareholder.

4. Environmental and Social performance targets

4.1 CentrePort

4.1.1 Environment

- a) Develop and maintain a formal environmental management system consistent with the standards specified in AS/NZS ISO 14001: 2004.
- b) Formally review, at least annually, the company's compliance with all environmental legislation, district and regional plans and conditions of resource consents held.
- c) Maintain a sustainability programme with measurable performance criteria covering, as a minimum, the monitoring of waste and greenhouse gas emissions.
- d) Undertake the monitoring of environmental discharges in accordance with implemented management plans in the areas of:
 - Port Noise
 - Stormwater discharges to the Coastal Marine Area
 - Fumigants associated with the pest treatment of cargoes
- e) Work collaboratively with the Greater Wellington Regional Council in the monitoring for compliance, of the use of Methyl Bromide for the fumigation of log shipments and the addressing in consultation with the Crown agencies alternative fumigation options.
- f) Maintain an environment issues register of environmental complaints and issues for monitoring and actioning purposes. The register to be reported to CentrePort's Health, Safety and Environmental Committee on a regular basis (meets at least 3 times per annum).
- g) CentrePort Ltd will hold a minimum of three Environmental Consultative Committee meetings in 2009/10 comprising CPL and affected stakeholders (customers, port users, local authorities, Iwi and residential groups). The meetings provide a forum to identify and inform on a range of environmental port related matters.

4.1.2 Social

- a) Provide opportunities for employee growth, development, improvement and recognition.
- b) Maintain the tertiary level of compliance with the ACC Workplace Safety Management Practices Programme and comply with the AS/NZS 4801: Occupational Health and Safety Management Systems.
- c) Annual review of Health and Safety Policy.
- d) Maintain compliance with the International Ship & Port Security (ISPS) Code which promotes security against terrorism within the port environment.
- e) Undertake risk assessments and implement any mitigating procedures relating to the Port & Harbour Safety Code which promotes safety and excellence in marine operations.
- f) To undertake an appropriate level of community sponsorship.
- g) To meet regularly with representative community groups.

4.1.3 General

- a) The company will, in consultation with the shareholders, continue to develop performance targets in the environmental and social areas, in order to be able to maintain triple bottom line reporting in accordance with best practice.
- b) When developing 'property held for development' the Board is to adhere to the following principles:
 - Properties may be developed without the building being fully pre-let so long as tenancy risk is managed prudently
 - Property developments must not compromise port operations
 - Developments are to be undertaken only if they are able to be funded without additional capital from shareholders
 - Definition of terms (para 4.1.3.b) refers).
- c) Management of tenancy risk means that each single property investment has committed rental income (via executed lease contracts) that is sufficient to meet forecast interest costs on (i) the cost of the site development related to the development and (ii) the cost of the construction of the development AND the vacant net lettable area of the proposed development is no greater than 25%.

4.2 Group (excluding CentrePort)

4.2.1 Environment

- (a) Operate in an environmentally and sustainable manner.
- (b) Minimise the impact of any of the Group's activities on the environment.
- (c) Raise awareness of environmental issues within the Group.
- (d) Ensure Pringle House operates in an energy efficient manner.

4.2.2 Social

- (a) Provide a safe and healthy workplace.
- (b) Participate in development, cultural and community activities within the regions in which the Group operates.
- (c) To help sustain the economy of the region.

5. Governance of the Group

5.1 The shareholder, Greater Wellington, appoints the directors to WRC Holdings Ltd in terms of Greater Wellington's approved process. Section 57 of the LGA 2002 requires that directors have the skills, knowledge and experience to:

- Guide the Group, given the nature and scope of its activities; and to
- Contribute to the achievement of the objectives of the Group.

The shareholder also approves the directors of PHL, PIL and GWRL. These are appointed by WRC Holdings Ltd by way of a special resolution. There is a commonality of directors between WRCHL, PHL, PIL and GWRL.

The directors of CentrePort are appointed by PIL and Horizons Regional Council.

5.2 Any changes to the constitutions of the companies within the Group are approved by the shareholder.

5.3 Greater Wellington monitors the performance of the Group on a regular basis to evaluate its contribution to the achievement of its objectives, performance against the Group's statement of intent and Greater Wellington's overall aims in accordance with section 65 (1) of the LGA 2002.

5.4 The directors monitor the performance of each company at each board meeting.

6. Financial Information

6.1 Financial forecasts

Income Statement	Year ending 30 June			
	2008/09 \$'000'	2009/10 \$'000'	2010/11 \$'000'	2011/12 \$'000'
Revenue	59,128	67,485	66,354	70,389
Operating costs	41,211	59,728	57,294	59,171
Earnings before interest tax and depreciation	25,720	28,246	29,653	32,542
Depreciation	7,803	8,887	6,350	6,650
Earnings before interest and tax	17,917	19,359	23,303	25,892
Finance costs	8,297	11,601	14,243	14,675
Surplus before tax	9,620	7,758	9,060	11,218
Tax	4,522	3,965	4,066	4,685
Surplus after tax	5,098	3,793	4,994	6,533

Balance Sheet	Year ending 30 June			
	2008/09 \$'000'	2009/10 \$'000'	2010/11 \$'000'	2011/12 \$'000'
Shareholders Funds	171,263	181,536	173,080	178,615
Current Assets	13,811	9,876	7,122	9,453
Term Assets	472,298	567,072	428,010	424,041
Total Assets	486,109	576,948	435,132	433,494
Current Liabilities	19,321	10,899	9,312	11,121
Term Liabilities	295,525	384,514	252,740	243,757
Net assets	171,263	181,535	173,080	178,616

6.2 Financial commentary

Revenue has been impacted by:

- a) Increase in rental income from CentrePort's commercial properties, particularly the BNZ building coming on-stream.
- b) Reduction in the volumes and margins through the port. This is due to the impact of the economic downturn.

6.3 Performance targets

	2009/10 (\$000)	2010/11 (\$000)	2011/12 (\$000)
Surplus before tax	7,758	9,060	11,218
Surplus after tax	3,793	4,994	6,533
Earnings before interest, tax and depreciation.	28,246	29,653	32,542
Return on total assets	3.66%	4.60%	5.96%
Return on shareholder equity	1.41%	2.10%	2.99%
Dividends	1,249	271	75

Definitions of key financial performance targets:

- (a) Consolidated shareholders funds are defined as the amount of paid up capital, plus retained earnings of the Group, less any minority interests.
- (b) Total assets are defined as all of the recorded tangible and intangible assets of the Group at their current value, as determined in the Group's statement of accounting policies in the most recent financial statements.
- (c) Return on shareholders funds is calculated using net profit after tax while return on total assets is calculated using earnings before interest and tax.

6.4 Accounting Policies

The detailed accounting policies of the company will be consistent with the legal requirements of the Companies Act 1993, the Financial Reporting Act 1993 and the International Financial Reporting Standards.

7. Issues facing the Group

7.1 CentrePort Ltd

7.1.1 Port

- Severe economic downturn impacting shipping lines, imports/exports through the port. Both volumes and margins are impacted. Shipping rates are currently very low.
- For the size of the country New Zealand has a large number of ports. In addition, shipping lines amalgamations are targeting bigger ships that will reduce the number of NZ port calls. Shipping lines are seeking to rationalise port calls in New Zealand to reduce exposure to high charter rates and fuel costs and achieve scale of operations from larger vessels. It is foreseeable that there will be further consolidation between international shipping lines as they search for greater market shares and increased economies of scale.
- The combination of the above had resulted in increased competition between ports for visits by the shipping lines.
- There is overcapacity in most NZ ports but this is not hindering ports' plans to upgrade and replace infrastructure to remain competitive.
- The use of methyl bromide to fumigate logs.

7.1.2 Property

CentrePort owns, and is developing Harbour Quays, a commercial property business park. The increase in the level of debt resulting from property development and infrastructure upgrades has been funded from CentrePort's balance sheet. Group debt is forecast to fund nearly 50% of total assets. There is little scope for additional funding for any new property investments.

The funding of future properties will require some restructuring of CentrePort's balance sheet. This may be achieved by the introduction of third party equity which would require shareholder approval.

The impact of the New Zealand recession may reduce short term demand for further property development opportunities. CentrePort's property operations will benefit from the RBNZ's economic stimulus with lower interest rates.

7.1.3 Methyl Bromide

The use of methyl bromide in the port became an issue during last year. As mitigation, CentrePort has undertaken, in conjunction with regulatory authorities:

- The signing of a fumigation protocol by CentrePort and GWRC in December 2008.

- Extensive monitoring on all log fumigation event since March 2008, with results sent to GWRC and Regional Public Health (RPH).
- Participation in investigation of computer modelling which is being undertaken by stakeholders in Methyl Bromide Reduction (STIMBR), Sinclair Knight Merz (SKM) and Genera.

7.2 Pringle House Limited

The major issues facing Pringle House are:

- Volatility in the valuation of the building, impacting financial statements under the International Financial Property Standards.
- Ongoing maintenance of the Regional Council Centre.
- The lease of the building to the majority tenant Greater Wellington is due to expire in 2010.
- AIG – lease expires September 2010, but they only occupy 2.5% of the lettable area of the building.

7.3 Greater Wellington Rail Limited

The Government has signalled its intention to take over ownership of the rail rolling stock currently owned or under construction for GWRL. Discussions have commenced with the Government, the timing and manner of any transfer has yet to be decided.

There are a number of issues which will need to be resolved, in particular:

- Timing, GWRL's preference is that the Matangi project is completed prior to any sale/transfer.
- Future funding requirements in respect of rail operations.
- The rail rolling stock is a strategic asset for Greater Wellington, as such, Greater Wellington is obliged to consult with the public under current legislation.
- Tax.
- The SW Cars and additional rolling stock were partly funded by an interest free Government loan. This will need to be eliminated/repaid.
- What happens to the funds that GWRL/Greater Wellington has paid to fund their share of the rail rolling stock?

For the purpose of this SOI, it is assumed that rolling stock is transferred/sold to the Government by the end of 2009/10.

In the meantime the Matangi project will continue.

The major issues for this project are:

- Ensuring the technical specifications of the Matangi EMUs are agreed and will interface with the infrastructure.
- Upgrading the existing infrastructure to meet the requirements of the new trains. This is the responsibility of ONTRACK.
- Ensuring that the budget is not exceeded.

7.4 WRC Holdings Ltd

The \$44 million banking facility with CBA expires in September 2009. Work is currently underway to commence this refinancing. Discussions have been held with both CBA and Forsyth Barr (re private placement with institutional investors).

CBA appears happy to roll the existing loan over for a further term, albeit at a higher margin.

The current margin is 10 basis points over the reference rate. The new margin is expected to be (either with a private placement or from CBA) in the order of 175 to 200 basis points. Compared with the current margin, this adds in excess of \$800,000 to the interest cost.

While interest rates have fallen, lending margins have increased significantly, offsetting some of this gain.

8. Distribution of profits to shareholders

8.1 The dividend policy for each company will be reviewed by the boards of each company from time to time, after taking account of the wishes of the shareholder, the future circumstances as they may exist and the successful achievements of the commercial objectives of each company.

8.2 The expectation in terms of CentrePort is that the dividend will be the maximum practicable amount consistent with CentrePort's intention to increase asset values substantially through the reinvestment of profits. Dividend levels will be reviewed by the Board each year, and agreed with the shareholder. The forecast dividend for the 2009/10 financial year is \$5.17 million comprising a fully imputed dividend of \$4 million and an un-imputed dividend of \$1.17 million.

CentrePort and the shareholder will work together, as part of the review of CentrePort's structure, to determine a sustainable dividend policy for the future.

8.3 In terms of the remainder of the WRC Group the expectation is that the dividends paid will be the maximum practical amount. It is expected to be 100% of after tax earnings, excluding unrealised gains/losses.

9. Information to be Reported

The Group will maintain regular reporting to the shareholders on the implementation of policies in accordance with statutory requirements and in particular will:

- (a) Within three months after the end of each financial year, produce an audited set of financial statements that are consistent with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). The Directors will also report on:
 - a review of operations
 - a summary of achievements measured against the performance targets
 - the dividend.
- (b) Reporting to the shareholder each quarter.
- (c) Provide further financial information that meets shareholder expectations (format and timetable to be agreed) on a regular basis.

10. Procedures for the Purchase and Acquisition of Shares

- 10.1** The Boards of PHL, PIL, and GWRL will obtain the prior approval of Greater Wellington Regional Council before any of those companies subscribes for, purchases or otherwise acquires shares in any company or other organisation, which is external to the Group. (NB: CentrePort is governed by a separate constitution.)
- 10.2** Section 60 of the Local Government Act 2002 requires that all decisions relating to the operation of the company must be made in accordance with its SOI and its constitution.

11. Compensation

- 11.1** Councillors, who are also directors of WRCHL, PHL, PIL, and GWRL, will receive travelling expenses based on the rates applicable to members of the Council. Directors of those companies, who are not members of the Council, will receive directors' fees as approved by the Council from time to time.
- 11.2** The WRC Group of companies will seek compensation by agreement from Greater Wellington Regional Council for:
 - (a) Rental and tenancy expenses with regard to the occupation of the Regional Council Centre.
 - (b) Interest and financial costs relating to the provision of any inter-company loans, other financing arrangements and current account balances that may accrue.
 - (c) Any other function, duty or power they wish the Group to carry out on their behalf and which involves the supply of goods and services.

12. Value of Shareholder's Investment

- 12.1** The commercial value of the Regional Council Centre will be determined annually by an independent property valuer in accordance with the company's accounting policies, and reported in the statement of financial position.
- 12.2** A re-assessment of the valuation of other investments will be undertaken as may be required from time to time by the directors or shareholders.