# Nassella Tussock

Nassella trichotoma

Detect this pest plant before it becomes a problem



## Why it's a problem:

Nassella tussock spreads easily and causes destruction to the environment and to agriculture.

- It invades native ecosystems and suppresses the growth of low growing species.
- It is generally unpalatable and indigestible to livestock and therefore reduces available grazing area.
- It spreads through water, wind, contaminated soil and feed, machinery, animals and people.
- It is difficult to recognise and is costly to control and eradicate.

## **Appearance:**

- A clumpy grass that grows up to one metre tall.
- Yellow to green leaves that are wiry and rough to the touch.
- Leaf clump base is hard when pressed.
- Purple small seeds that are carried on slender stalks.
- Tough, deep roots that have a swollen stem just above the ground.

### **Location:**

Gardens, farmland and coastal areas. It will grow in a wide range of habitats, particularly on steep, rugged, dry slopes, stony riverbeds and banks, and terraces.





#### Get more information:

- Weedbusters provides descriptions and images to help with pest identification.
- Agpest is an identification tool for pests, biology, impact and management for farmers and agricultural professionals.
- iNaturalist is a sharing tool that contributes to biodiversity science for avid nature observers.
- Manaaki Whenua <u>Landcare Research</u> provides information on weeds and biocontrol
- <u>Ministry for Primary Industries</u> (MPI) for information on protecting New Zealand from biological risk.
- Practice biosecurity hygiene to stop the spreading of pests.

Contact us: 02/10/2020